

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **SRS Hydrofluid NC**

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

SRS Hydrofluid NC

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Use of the substance/mixture

gear oil

### Uses advised against

No information available.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: SRS Schmierstoff Vertrieb GmbH

Street: Neuenkirchener Straße 8
Place: D-48497 Salzbergen
Telephone: 05976 - 945-0

Responsible Department: Abt. Produktsicherheit: info.reach@srs-oil.de

**1.4. Emergency telephone** Gift-Informationszentrum Nord (Göttingen) - Telefon 0551-19240

number:

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Hazard statements**

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH208 Contains 2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid, triphenyl phosphite. May

produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This mixture contains no substances of very high concern (SVHC) (>0,1%) which are included in the

Candidate List according to Article 59 of REACH.

For information or further instructions, see also section 11 or 12.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

### Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity	
	EC No	Index No REACH No			
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)				
	Mineral Oil* (64742-54-7, 64742-65-0, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9)			3 - < 5 %	
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304				



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	Mineral Oil (typically: 64742-54-7, alternative: 64742-65-0, 64742-55-8, 72623-86-0)			1 - < 3 %
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethy	/lhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)		1 - < 3 %
	224-235-5		01-2119493635-27	
	Eye Dam. 1, Aquatic C			
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid			0.5 - < 1 %
	701-392-2		01-2119976364-28	
	Skin Sens. 1B; H317			
101-02-0	triphenyl phosphite			0.1 - < 0.2 %
	202-908-4	015-105-00-7	01-2119511213-58	
	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H302 H315 H319 H317 H400 H410			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

### Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc.	Limits, M-factors and ATE	
4259-15-8	224-235-5	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	1 - < 3 %
	1	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 3100 mg/kg Eye Dam. 1; H318: >= 80 - 100 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 50 - < 80	
	701-392-2	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid	0.5 - < 1 %
	dermal: LD50	= >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >16000 mg/kg	
101-02-0	202-908-4	triphenyl phosphite	0.1 - < 0.2 %
		50 = >6,7 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = >2000<5000 mg/kg; oral: ATE Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 5 - 100	

#### **Further Information**

\*The mineral oil can be described by one or more EINECS numbers. 265-157-1, 265-169-7, 265-158-7, 265-159-2, (REACH-no.: 01-2119484627-25, 01-2119471299-27, 01-2119487077-29, 01-2119480132-48)

Note N: The harmonised classification as a carcinogen applies unless the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen.

Note L: The harmonised classification as a carcinogen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % of dimethyl sulphoxide extract as measured by IP 346 ("Determination of polycyclic aromatics in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions – Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method" Institute of Petroleum, London).

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### **General information**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

#### After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of allergic symptoms, especially in the breathing area, seek medical advice immediately.

#### After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

### After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of troubles or persistent



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symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

### After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If swallowed or in the event of vomiting, risk of entering the lungs.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Sand. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Extinguishing powder. In case of major fire and large quantities: Water spray jet. Water mist.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning produces heavy smoke.

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2) Sulphur dioxide (SO2) Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Additional information**

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General advice

Ventilate affected area.

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

# For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

### For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### For cleaning up

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No information available.



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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Avoid formation of oil dust.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Fire class B

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Clean skin thoroughly after working.

Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Further information on handling

Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Only use containers specifically approved for the substance/product.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Gas. Explosives. Oxidizing substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances

### Further information on storage conditions

Temperature control required. Protect from light. Keep container tightly closed. Do not allow contact with air.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Name of agent					
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value		
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)					
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	6,6 mg/m³		
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	9,6 mg/kg bw/day		
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	1,67 mg/m³		
Consumer DNE	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	4,8 mg/kg bw/day		
Consumer DNE	Consumer DNEL, long-term		systemic	0,19 mg/kg bw/day		
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid					
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	local	0,09 mg/cm²		
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	local	4,68 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		
101-02-0 triphenyl phosphite						



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Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,53 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,15 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,53 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,15 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,075 mg/kg bw/day

#### **PNEC values**

CAS No	Name of agent			
Environmen	Environmental compartment			
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)			
Freshwater		0,004 mg/l		
Freshwater	(intermittent releases)	0,044 mg/l		
Marine wate	r	0,0046 mg/l		
Freshwater	sediment	0,322 mg/l		
Secondary p	poisoning	8,33 mg/kg		
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	0,038 mg/l		
Soil		0,062 mg/kg		
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid			
Freshwater		1 mg/l		
Marine water		0,1 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment		42700 mg/kg		
Marine sediment		4270 mg/kg		
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l		
Soil 8540 mg/k				

# Additional advice on limit values

Air limit values:

Possibility of exposure to Aerosol (Mineral oil ) Limit value (TLV-TWA) = 5 mg/ m3 - Source: ACGIH Limit value (TLV-STEL) = 10 mg/ m3 - Source: ACGIH

STEL: short-term exposure limits TLV: Threshold Limiting Value TWA: time weighted average

ACGIH:American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

### 8.2. Exposure controls







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Safety goggles with side protection. In case of increased risk add protective face shield. EN 166



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### Hand protection

Use safety gloves of following materials: NBR (nitrile) / neopren / viton (permeationslevel 5 - 6), Cat. II according to norm EN 374/EN 388.

The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations.

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

### Skin protection

Oil-resistant and hardly inflammable protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

- -aerosol or mist formation
- -Exceeding exposure limit values

Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: Respiratory equipment in case of nebulosity or aerosol: Use a mask with a filter type A2, A2/P2 or ABEK.

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration

(gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

No information available.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: clear

Odour: characteristic

Test method

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Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

No information available.

No information available.

boiling range:

Flammability:

Lower explosion limits:

Upper explosion limits:

No information available.

No information available.

No information available.

Flash point: 246 °C COC

Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

No information available.

PH-Value:

No information available.

Viscosity / kinematic: 61,4 mm²/s DIN EN ISO 3104

(at 40 °C)

Water solubility: No information available.

Solubility in other solvents

No information available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Vapour pressure:

No information available.

No information available.

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure: No information available.

(at 50 °C)

Density (at 15 °C): 0,8768 g/cm³ DIN 51757

Bulk density: No information available.



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Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics:

No information available.

No information available.

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

none

Sustained combustibility:

No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: No information available.

Gas: No information available.

Oxidizing properties

none

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: No information available. Solvent separation test: No information available. No information available. Solvent content: Solid content: No information available. No information available. Sublimation point: No information available. Softening point: Pour point: -45 °C No information available. Viscosity / dynamic: No information available. Flow time:

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The mixture is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known.

Refer to chapter 10.5.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No information available.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidising agent, strong

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No known hazardous decomposition products.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No information available.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **ATEmix calculated**

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l

CAS No Chemical name



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	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylh	exyl)] bis(dith	iophosphate	e)		
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3100	Rat.	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rabbit.	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 402
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reac	tion products	with boric a	cid		
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>16000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
101-02-0	triphenyl phosphite					
	oral	ATE mg/kg	500			
	dermal	LD50 000 mg/kg	>2000<5	Rabbit	REACH Dossier	OECD 402
	inhalation (1 h) dust/mist	LC50	>6,7 mg/l	Rat	REACH Dossier	OECD 403

### Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate): Eye Dam. 1 SCL > 50%

#### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Contains 2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid, triphenyl phosphite. May produce an allergic reaction.

May cause sensitisation especially in sensitive humans.

### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate):

In vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay); Result: negative Literature information: REACH Dossier; Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity/Reproductive toxicity:; Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley); Method: OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test); Result: NOAEL = 30 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

### triphenyl phosphite:

In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay); Literature information: REACH Dossier; Result: negative; Reproductive toxicity: Species: Rat (Wistar); Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test); Exposure time: 112d; Results: NOAEL 40 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier; Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Species: Rabbit.; Method: OECD 422; Results: NOAEL 15 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid:

In-vitro mutagenicity:

Method:

-OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)



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-OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

-OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)

Result: negative

Literature information: REACH Dossier

Reproductive toxicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction /

Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Species: Rat

Results: NOAEL >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day.

Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction /

Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Species: Rat

Results: NOAEL = 500 mg/kg bw/day. Literature information: REACH Dossier

In vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity:

Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity:

Species: Rat.

Method: OECD Guideline 414

Result: NOAEL >= 750 mg/kg(bw)/day Literature information: REACH Dossier

#### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate):

Subacute oral toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents);

Species: Rat; Results: NOAEL = 125 mg/kg; Literature information: REACH Dossier

triphenyl phosphite:

Chronic oral toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test); Exposure time: 112d; Species: Rat; Results: NOAEL:

15 mg/kg

2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid:

Subchronic oral toxicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Species: Rat

Exposure duration: 90 d.

Result: NOAEL >= 1000 mg/kg

Literature information: REACH Dossier

Literature information. INLAC

# Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

This product does not contain a substance (> 0,1 %) that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

#### Other information

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation.



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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method	
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexy	yl)] bis(dithi	ophosphate	)				
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50	4,4 mg/l		Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 203	
		ErC50 mg/l	410		Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 201	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EL50	75 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50	26 mg/l (	3 h	activated sludge	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 209	
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid							
	·	LC50 100 mg/l	LL50 >		Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier		
		ErC50 >100 mg/l	EL50		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier		
		EC50 >100 mg/l	EL50	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier		
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	10 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier		

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is slightly soluble in water. It can be largely eliminated from the water by abiotic processes, e.g. mechanical separation.

IIICGI	ariicai separation.						
CAS No	Chemical name						
	Method	Value	d	Sou	rce		
	Evaluation	•	-	-			
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)						
	OECD Guideline 301 B	1%	28	B ECH	IA Dossier		
	Not easily bio-degradable (according to OECD-criteria).						
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid						
	OECD Guideline 301 B	26,7%	28	B ECH	IA Dossier		
	Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)						
101-02-0	triphenyl phosphite						
	OECD 301D / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-E	0,14%	28	B REA	ACH Dossier		
	Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)	_			_		

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
4259-15-8	zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	3,59
	2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid	>= 6.24 - 9.4
101-02-0	triphenyl phosphite	6,62



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#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### **Further information**

Ozone depletion potential (ODP): No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110

WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

## Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 9006

**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

**14.3.** Transport hazard class(es): 9 **14.4.** Packing group: -

Hazard label: - Classification code: M12

#### Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)



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No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. 14.1. UN number or ID number: 14.2. UN proper shipping name: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. 14.4. Packing group: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

**ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:** No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Informations for safe handling see chapter 7.

Informations for personal protective equipment see chapter 8.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 75

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial

emissions:

Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes:

Information according to Directive

2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

### **Additional information**

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)

No information available.

No information available.

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3, 75

Observe in addition any national regulations!

#### **National regulatory information**

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the

'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

Additional information

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 of the European parliament and of the council concerning the export and

import of dangerous chemicals: not relevant

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

not applicable.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 11,12,15,16.

Rev.: 1.0 - 21.02.2018 Rev.: 2.0 - 22.02.2019 Rev.: 3,0 - 09.07.2019

Rev.: 4,0 - 20.07.2020; Changes in chapter: 1.1, 3.2, 16

Rev.: 5.0 - 01.07.2021; Changes in chapter: 2.2, 3.2, 6.1, 6.3, 11.2, 12.6, 12.7, 15.1, 16

Rev.: 6.0 - 29.07.2022; Changes in chapter: 2.3, 8.2, 12.5, 12.6, 16

Rev.: 7.0 - 01.07.2023, Changes in chapter: 2.2, 3.2, 8.1, 9.1, 12.7, 14, 15.1, 16

Rev.: 8.0 - 15.07.2024, Changes in chapter: 2.2, 3.2 11.1, 11.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12,3, 15,1, 16



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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Rev.: 9.0 - 02.07.2025, Changes in chapter: 15.1, 16

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, hazard category 4
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, hazard category 1
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, hazard category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, hazard category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, hazard category 2

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation, hazard category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, hazard category: Acute 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard category: Chronic 1

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement

concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

d: day(s)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

h: hour

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level

NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

NTP: National Toxicology Program

N/A: not applicable

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail )

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe

**UN: United Nations** 

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act vPvM: very persistent and very mobile

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds WGK: Water Hazard Class (Germany)



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/

https://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index.jsp

https://cfpub.epa.gov/ecotox/search.cfm

http://www.inchem.org/#/search

https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/

http://ccinfoweb.ccohs.ca/rtecs/search.html

https://webrigoletto.uba.de/rigoletto/

# Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

# Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H302		Harmful if swallowed.
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315		Causes skin irritation.
H317	•	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318		Causes serious eye damage.
H319	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	l	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	1	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH	208	Contains 2-tetradecyloxirane, reaction products with boric acid, triphenyl phosphite. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Further Information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method. Environmental hazards: Calculation method. Physical hazards: On basis of test data

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)